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【Attachment(s)】

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【Title of Document】 Specification

【Title of Invention】 Contract Entry Mediating Method and Mobile Communication Network

【What is claimed is】

【Claim 1】 A contract entry mediating method for mediating a contract entry for electronic commercial transactions between a user of a mobile communication terminal served by a mobile communication network and a contracting institution through a mobile communication network to which a server of the contracting institution is network-connected, comprising the steps of:

said mobile communication terminal receiving said user's request for said contract entry;

in response to said request for the contract entry, prompting the user to enter information required for the contract entry at said mobile communication terminal; and

transmitting said information required for the contract entry entered by said user to said server of the contracting institution through said mobile communication network.

【Claim 2】 A contract entry mediating method according to claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

transmitting information on approval or denial of the request for the contract entry to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network;

in a case where said contract entry is approved, transmitting to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network information transmitted from said server of the contracting institution, wherein the information will be required for electronic-commerce transactions after the entry; and

receiving and storing said information required for electronic-commerce transactions after the entry at said mobile communication terminal.

【Claim 3】 A contract entry mediating method according to claim 1,

wherein said step of prompting the user to enter information required for the contract entry at the said mobile communication terminal further comprises the steps of:

transmitting to said mobile communication terminal through the mobile communication network entry screen information for said user's entering said

required information; and

receiving said entry screen information and displaying said entry screen at said mobile communication terminal.

【Claim 4】 A contract entry mediating method according to claim 3,

wherein said entry screen information are stored in said server of the contracting institution.

【Claim 5】 A contract entry mediating method according to claim 3,

wherein said entry screen information is stored in a relaying device for relaying data exchanges between said mobile communication terminal and said server of the contracting institution.

【Claim 6】 . A contract entry mediating method according to claim 1,

further comprising a step of performing user authentication of said user.

【Claim 7】 A contract entry mediating method according to claim 2,

wherein said step of transmitting information required for electronic-commerce transactions to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network further comprises the steps of:

storing said information required for electronic-commerce transactions that are transmitted from said server of the contracting institution;

requesting for obtaining of said information required for electronic-commerce transactions at the mobile communication terminal, depending on the information on approval or denial of entry; and

when the obtaining of said information required for electronic-commerce transactions has been requested from said mobile communication terminal, transmitting said stored information required for electronic-commerce transactions to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network.

【Claim 8】 A contract entry mediating method according to claim 2, further comprising a step of determining approval or denial of said contract entry based on said information required for contract entry that have been entered by said user.

【Claim 9】 A contract entry mediating method according to claim 8,

wherein said server of the contracting institution determines approval or denial of said contract entry.

【Claim 10】 A contract entry mediating method according to claim 8,

wherein a relaying device for relaying data exchange between said mobile communication terminal and said server of the contracting institution

determines approval or denial of said contract entry.

【Claim 11】 A contract entry mediating method according to claim 2,

wherein all of the said steps are conducted in one communication session.

【Claim 12】 A contract entry mediating method according to claim 2,

wherein a communication session for performing the steps of receiving a request for the contract entry from said user, prompting the user to enter information required for the contact entry, and transmitting said information required for the contract entry to said server of the contracting institution through said mobile communication network is separate from a communication session for performing the steps of transmitting the information on approval or denial of the request for the contract entry to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network, transmitting to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network the information required for electronic-commerce transactions after the entry, and receiving and storing said information required for electronic-commerce transactions after the entry at said mobile communication terminal.

【Claim 13】 A contract entry mediating method according to any one of claims 1 to 12,

wherein said contract is a credit contract.

【Claim 14】 . A contract entry mediating method according to any one of claims 1 to 12,

wherein said mobile communication terminal is a mobile telephone.

【Claim 15】 A mobile communication network for relaying data exchanges between a mobile communication terminal and a server of a contracting institution which makes a contract for electronic-commerce transactions with a user of the mobile communication terminal, comprising:

means for transmitting to said mobile communication terminal, in response to a request from the user of said mobile communication terminal for a contract entry, input screen information for prompting to enter information required for the contract entry; and

means for receiving and transmitting to said server of the contracting institution said information required for the contract entry from said mobile communication terminal.

【Claim 16】 A mobile communication network according to claim 15, further comprising:

means for receiving information on approval or denial of the contract in response to said request for the contract entry from said server of the contracting institution, and transmitting the information to said mobile communication terminal; and

means for, when said contract entry is approved, receiving said information required for electronic-commerce transactions after the entry from said server of the contracting institution, and transmitting the information to said mobile communication terminal.

【Detailed Description for Invention】

【0001】

【Technical Field】

This invention relates to a method of mediating a contract entry when making a contract for electronic-commerce transactions services between a user of a mobile communication terminal and a contracting institution; and a mobile communication network for carrying out the method.

【0002】

【Background Art】

In signing up credit contracts with credit companies or opening bank accounts in banks, a user usually reports to the shop of credit companies (or by mail) and fills in necessary items in a prescribed form to submit.

Subsequently, a contracting institution that has received the application for contract concludes a contract after conducting prescribed screening and prepares such things as a credit card for the user to obtain electronic-commerce services, and the credit card is mailed to the user himself/herself.

【0003】

【Problems to be Solved by the Invention】

However, when an user wishes to apply for various types of electronic-commerce services, he/she must be bothered to visit the shops of contracting institutions (or mail application forms to the institutions providing the services).

In addition, the processing of issuing cards (for example, processing such as carving names and card numbers on a credit card and storing given magnetic information on the magnetic stripe on the card) takes a certain amount of time. Furthermore, since these cards are usually sent to the user him/herself by registered mail, it takes an excessive amount of time in addition to a certain number of days necessary for mailing if the user is away from home when the

mail arrives. Thus, it takes a considerable number of days for obtaining a credit card after a user completes application for contract entry, and it has been difficult to meet users' need for obtaining a card immediately.

The present invention is made under the above-mentioned situation, and has an object to mediate a quick contract entry into the contract without putting too much burden on users in entering contracts for various types of electronic-commerce services.

【0004】

【Means for Solving the Problems】

In order to achieve the above-mentioned objects, the invention of claim 1 provides a contract entry mediating method for mediating a contract entry for electronic commercial transactions between a user of a mobile communication terminal served by a mobile communication network and a contracting institution through a mobile communication network to which a server of the contracting institution is network-connected, comprising the steps of said mobile communication terminal receiving said user's request for said contract entry; in response to said request for the contract entry, prompting the user to enter information required for the contract entry at said mobile communication terminal; and transmitting said information required for the contract entry entered by said user to said server of the contracting institution through said mobile communication network.

【0005】

The invention of claim 2 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 1, further comprising the steps of transmitting information on approval or denial of the request for the contract entry to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network; in a case where said contract entry is approved, transmitting to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network information transmitted from said server of the contracting institution, wherein the information will be required for electronic-commerce transactions after the entry; and receiving and storing said information required for electronic-commerce transactions after the entry at said mobile communication terminal.

【0006】

The invention of claim 3 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 1, wherein said step of prompting the user to enter information required for the contract entry at the said mobile communication

terminal further comprises the steps of: transmitting to said mobile communication terminal through the mobile communication network entry screen information for said user's entering said required information; and receiving said entry screen information and displaying said entry screen at said mobile communication terminal.

【0007】

The invention of claim 4 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 3, wherein said entry screen information are stored in said server of the contracting institution.

【0008】

The invention of claim 5 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 3,wherein said entry screen information is stored in a relaying device for relaying data exchanges between said mobile communication terminal and said server of the contracting institution.

【0009】

The invention of claim 6 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 1, further comprising a step of performing user authentication of said user.

【0010】

The invention of claim 7 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 2, wherein said step of transmitting information required for electronic-commerce transactions to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network further comprises the steps of storing said information required for electronic-commerce transactions that are transmitted from said server of the contracting institution; requesting for obtaining of said information required for electronic-commerce transactions at the mobile communication terminal, depending on the information on approval or denial of entry; and, when the obtaining of said information required for electronic-commerce transactions has been requested from said mobile communication terminal, transmitting said stored information required for electronic-commerce transactions to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network.

【0011】

The invention of claim 8 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 2, further comprising a step of determining approval or denial of said contract entry based on said information required for contract entry that

have been entered by said user.

【0012】

The invention of claim 9 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 8, wherein said server of the contracting institution determines approval or denial of said contract entry.

【0013】

The invention of claim 10 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 8, wherein a relaying device for relaying data exchange between said mobile communication terminal and said server of the contracting institution determines approval or denial of said contract entry.

【0014】

The invention of claim 11 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 2, wherein all of the said steps are conducted in one communication session.

【0015】

The invention of claim 12 provides a contract entry mediating method according to claim 2, wherein a communication session for performing the steps of receiving a request for the contract entry from said user; prompting the user to enter information required for the contact entry; and transmitting said information required for the contract entry to said server of the contracting institution through said mobile communication network is separate from a communication session for performing the steps of transmitting the information on approval or denial of the request for the contract entry to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network; transmitting to said mobile communication terminal through said mobile communication network the information required for electronic-commerce transactions after the entry; and receiving and storing said information required for electronic-commerce transactions after the entry at said mobile communication terminal.

【0016】

The invention of claim 13 provides a contract entry mediating method according to any one of claims 1 to 12, wherein said contract is a credit contract.

【0017】

The invention of claim 14 provides a contract entry mediating method according to any one of claims 1 to 12, wherein said mobile communication terminal is a mobile telephone.

【0018】

The invention of claim 15 provides a mobile communication network for relaying data exchanges between a mobile communication terminal and a server of a contracting institution which makes a contract for electronic-commerce transactions with a user of the mobile communication terminal, comprising means for transmitting to said mobile communication terminal, in response to a request from the user of said mobile communication terminal for a contract entry, input screen information for prompting to enter information required for the contract entry; and means for receiving and transmitting to said server of the contracting institution said information required for the contract entry from said mobile communication terminal.

【0019】

The invention of claim 16 provides a mobile communication network according to claim 15, further comprising means for receiving information on approval or denial of the contract in response to said request for the contract entry from said server of the contracting institution, and transmitting the information to said mobile communication terminal; and means for, when said contract entry is approved, receiving said information required for electronic-commerce transactions after the entry from said server of the contracting institution; and transmitting the information to said mobile communication terminal.

【0020】

【Best Mode of Carrying Out the Invention】

[1. Configuration]

[1-1. Configuration of Mobile Station]

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing a configuration of a mobile station 100, a mobile communication terminal used in a first embodiment of the present invention.

The mobile station 100 has a transmitter-receiver 110, a control unit 120, a user interface 130, a data input/output terminal 140, a magnetic writer 150, and a magnetic stripe 160.

【0021】

The transmitter-receiver 110 handles wireless communications with base stations of a mobile communication network which provides mobile phone communications and mobile packet communications.

【0022】

The control unit 120 controls each of the sections of the mobile station

100, and comprises a CPU 121, a program ROM 122, a credit ROM 123, and a RAM 124.

In the mobile station 100, it is possible to set one of at least two types of modes, "a calling mode" for performing phone-to-phone conversations via the mobile communication network, and "a packet communication mode" for performing packet communications via the mobile packet communication network. The control unit 120 controls each of the sections of the mobile station 100 according to set state of each of these modes.

【0023】

The RAM 124 is used as a work area for the CPU 121 or a user data area for storing such information as phone directory data.

【0024】

The credit ROM 123 stores information on profiles of a credit contract under which a user of the mobile station 100 is with a credit company (hereinafter referred to as credit contract information). These credit contract information are given from the credit company to the user, the information including, for example, the name of the credit company with which the user is under contract, a URL of the server of the credit company (as will hereinafter be described), a credit number (an identification number given to each credit contract usually consisting of 16-digit numerals), the expiration date of the credit card, and the user's name.

In a case where a user of a mobile station 100 is under contract with a plurality of credit companies, the credit contract information corresponding to the plurality of credit contracts are stored in this credit ROM 123.

【0025】

The credit ROM 123 is accessible only from a special ROM reader/writer or a private server owned by a credit company.

In the case of being accessed from a special ROM reader/writer to the credit ROM 123, write information to the credit ROM 123 are transmitted to the control unit 120 from the ROM reader/writer connected to the data input/output terminal 140, and the control unit 120, after ensuring the validity of the accessing ROM reader/writer, writes the write information into the credit ROM 123.

Also, in the case of being accessed from a private server to the credit ROM 123, write information to the credit ROM 123 are transmitted to the control unit 120 from the server via a network such as the mobile packet communication network. The control unit 120, after ensuring the validity of the accessing

server, writes the write information into the credit ROM 123.

The control unit 120, when it detects any means other than the above which attempts to access the credit ROM 123, carries out the disabling operation of the mobile station 100 itself.

【0026】

The program ROM 122 stores control programs, and the CPU 121 reads out these programs to carry out various types of control processes.

These control programs include various programs described below as well as programs for the calling function usually stored in a mobile station of the existing mobile communication system.

These control programs include a document data viewing software, known as a browser. The CPU 121 reads out the browser from the program ROM 122 to carry it out, which permits the acquiring of data in the HTML form from various information providing servers connected to the internet via a gateway server 32 as will be described hereafter. The acquiring of HTML data by the mobile station 100 is performed by transmitting an acquisition request specifying the URL of a resource to a server providing the service via the gateway server 32 and completed by storing in the RAM 124 the HTML data transmitted in response to the request from the server providing the service.

【0027】

In addition, these control programs include a program for storing credit contract information in the credit ROM 123, or reading out, making changes, or deleting the credit contract information stored in the credit ROM 123.

【0028】

The control programs further include a program for controlling the magnetic writer 150, thereby writing in or deleting from the magnetic stripe 160 the credit contract information read out from the credit ROM 123; and a program to give credit contract information that have been read out from the credit ROM 123 to the mobile communication network.

【0029】

The control programs also include a program for, when the mobile station 100 is turned on, transmitting information that includes information that the power is on and an identification number for the mobile station 100 (hereinafter will be referred to as dispatch information) via a particular channel.

【0030】

Also, as mentioned earlier, the control programs include a program,

when it detects any attempt to access the credit ROM 123 by an unjustified means, for disabling the mobile station 100 itself.

【0031】

The magnetic writer 150 writes credit contract information given from the control unit 120 into the magnetic stripe 160, or deletes credit contract information from the magnetic stripe 160.

【0032】

The magnetic stripe 160 is similar to magnetic stripes widely used for existing credit cards. Therefore, credit contract information written in the magnetic stripe 160 is readable by a currently widely-used magnetic stripe reading terminal (known as a CAT).

This magnetic stripe 160 is provided on a card made of plastic (hereinafter referred to as a magnetic card 161) that is retractable in the mobile station 100. This magnetic card 161 is driven by a predetermined key operation using a keypad as will hereinafter be described, and is usually being retracted in the mobile station 100. The portion of the magnetic stripe 160 turns a state protruded from the mobile station 100 when doing credit card shopping.

【0033】

The user interface 130 includes a liquid crystal display 132, a keypad by which users perform various input operations, and a microphone and a speaker for users to hold phone conversations.

It is possible to provide a "retracting/protruding key" for performing retracting/ protruding operations of the magnetic stripe 160, or the magnetic stripe 160 may be retracted or protruded by a specified key operation using an existing keyboard.

【0034】

Fig. 2 is a perspective view showing the appearance of the mobile station 100 with which a card retracting/protruding key 131 is provided.

Part (A) of the figure shows a mobile station 100 with the magnetic card 161 retracted. This mobile station 100 is equipped with a slot 101 for retracting or protruding the magnetic card 161. Part (B) of the figure shows a mobile station with the magnetic stripe 160 portion of the magnetic card 161 protruded outside.

It is possible to switch between the state as in part (A) of the figure and the state as in part (B) of the figure by a predetermined key operation by a user as mentioned above.

The back side of this magnetic card 161 has a section for a user's signature in the same way as existing credit cards.

【0035】

[1-2. Configuration of Credit system]

Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing a configuration of a credit system using a mobile station 100.

This credit system comprises the mobile station 100, a mobile telephone network 20, and a mobile packet communication network 30, CATs 40a, 40b, ... , the Credit and Finance Information System (CAFIS) network 50, credit servers 60A, 60B, ... , the Internet 70, and merchant's servers 80C, 80D, ...

【0036】

A user under credit contract carries the mobile station 100. The mobile station 100 is capable of connecting to the mobile telephone network 20 and the mobile packet communication network 30.

【0037】

The mobile telephone network 20 provides general calling services using mobile stations, and the mobile station 100 receives the services over this mobile telephone network 20. The mobile telephone network 20 comprises many base stations 31 spaced out at a certain interval within communication areas, a switching unit for performing circuit-switching (not shown), a control unit 33 for controlling the inside of the network, and communication cables (not shown).

The control unit 33 is equipped with a subscriber database 331 that stores a variety of information relating to subscribers who use the communication services.

The above-mentioned base stations 31, the switching unit, the control unit 33, and communication cables are shared by the mobile packet communication network 30.

【0038】

The subscriber database 331 will be described hereafter.

Fig. 4 (A) is a diagram showing a data format of the subscriber database 331. As shown in the figure, the subscriber database 331 stores for each "subscriber" of the mobile telephone network 20 (that is, for each user of the mobile station 100), various types of data including "the phone number" of the mobile station 100, "name", "sex", "date of birth" as well as disabling information that indicates the disabling the mobile station 100 and its credit function.

A disablement flag is registered in a disabling information cell for a user whose mobile station 100 and credit function are disabled.

【0039】

Returning to Fig. 3, the configuration of the credit system will be described again.

As shown in the figure, the mobile packet communication network 30 includes a gateway server 32 in addition to the above-mentioned base station 31, switching unit (not shown), control unit 33, and communication cables.

This gateway server 32 is a computer system established at a mobile packet gateway relaying/switching center for interconnecting the mobile packet communication network 30 and other networks such as the Internet 70 and performs protocol conversion for performing communications among a plurality of networks, each of which uses a different transmission protocol. In the present embodiment, the gateway server 32 performs the inter-conversion of a transmission protocol for the mobile packet communication network 30 and the TCP/IP, a standard communication protocol of the Internet 70.

In addition, the gateway server 32 controls various types of message delivery processes performed among the mobile station 100, the credit server 60A, 60B, ..., and the merchant's server 80C, 80D, ...

【0040】

The gateway server 32 will be described hereafter.

Fig.5 is a block diagram showing a configuration of the gateway server 32.

This gateway server 32 has a control unit 301, a subscriber information manager 302, and a data delivery manager 303.

The control unit 301 controls each of the sections of the gateway server 32 and also functions as an interface among protocols such as to perform protocol conversion between the mobile packet communication network 30 and another network such as the Internet 70.

The control unit 301 stores encryption algorithm such, for example, as Secure Sockets Layer (SSL), by which the transmitted contents are protected in communication with the credit server 60A, 60B, ... and the merchant's server 80C, 80D, ...

The control unit 301 also performs user authentication of a user of the mobile station 100 that has accessed to the gateway server 32 in order to use a specified service. This user authentication is performed by matching a

password as hereinafter will be described.

【0041】

The subscriber information manager 302 stores and manages a registered subscriber information file 304 that can be obtained referring to the subscriber database 331 of the control unit 33. A configuration of the registered subscriber information file 304 will hereinafter be described.

【0042】

The data delivery manager 303 relays the delivering of electronic-mail messages and various data among users of two or more mobile stations 100; between a user of the mobile station 100 and a user of another network such as the Internet 70; and among a user of the mobile station 100, a credit server 60A, 60B, ... , and a merchant's server 80C, 80D, ...

To illustrate, the data delivery manager 303 receives a communication request from a mobile station 100 or a credit server 60A, 60B, ..., and transmits the communication contents to the destination.

Alternatively, the data delivery manager 303, after receiving the communication request, once stores the communication contents, and makes a notification to the effect that the communication contents have been stored, to the terminal of the requested destination (for example, the mobile station 100). Subsequently, when a request for obtaining the communication contents is notified, the data delivery manager 303 transmits the stored communication contents to the terminal. For this purpose, the data delivery manager 303 has a memory (not shown) inside for storing the communication contents temporarily.

This memory stores menu screen information to be transmitted to the mobile station 100, so that a variety of service information are displayed as a menu on the liquid crystal display 132 of the mobile station 100. The service menu information are data in the HTML format and include the URL of servers which carry out each service.

This memory also stores information on merchants where credit card purchases can be made over the mobile packet communication network 30. The merchants information are also data in the HTML format, and data for each merchant includes the URL of the server of each merchant. The merchants information are transmitted to the mobile station 100 and displayed on the liquid crystal display 132 of the mobile station 100.

When a user requests a particular service using the mobile station 100, the mobile station 100 transmits a URL that is included in data for the service

item to the gateway server 32, and the gateway server 32, based on the URL received, makes an access to the server which implements the service. When a user makes a credit card purchase at a certain merchant via the mobile packet communication network 30, a URL written in the HTML data format is used as well.

【0043】

The registered subscriber information file 304 will be described hereinafter.

Fig. 4 (B) is a diagram showing a data format of the registered subscriber information file 304.

As shown in part (B) of the figure, for each subscriber of the mobile packet communication network 30, (that is, for each user of the mobile station 100), the registered subscriber information file 304 stores a variety of data such as the "phone number" of the mobile station 100, the subscriber's "name", "sex", "date of birth", the "storage location" that shows where in the data delivery manager 303 data and electronic-mail messages delivered to the user are stored, and a "password" pre-registered by the user.

The control unit 301 of the gateway server 32 performs user authentication by matching a password entered by a user on the mobile station 100 and the password stored in the registered subscriber information file 304.

【0044】

Returning to Fig. 3, the configuration of the credit system will be described again.

A number of CATs 40a, 40b, ... shown in Fig. 3 are established at merchants and cash dispenser(CD)s.

The CATs 40a, 40b, ... are equipped with a magnetic reader (not shown) and capable of reading the credit contract information recorded on the magnetic stripe 160 of the mobile station 100. The CATs 40a, 40b, ... are also equipped with an input interface (not shown), and through this input interface salespersons in the shop can enter predetermined information items (for example, the amount of purchase).

The CATs 40a, 40b, ... are connected to a private network called the CAFIS network 50, to which the credit contract information read from the magnetic stripe 160 and information such as the amount of transaction, transaction date, and merchant with regard to the credit card purchase are transmitted. (These information given from the CATs 40a, 40b, ... to the CAFIS

network 50 will be referred to as credit information hereinafter.)

【0045】

The CAFIS network 50 is formed by connecting a number of CATs 40a, 40b, ... and credit servers 60A, 60B, ... This CAFIS network 50 is a nationwide network that connects credit companies, distribution companies, and financial institutions, the CAFIS control center (not shown) centralizing the network.

This CAFIS network 50 transmits various credit information that result from such actions as shopping and cash advance with credit card by a user, to one of the credit servers 60A, 60B, ... which provides a contract. It also transmits information on approval or denial of the credit card shopping from one of the credit servers 60A, 60B, ... to one of the CATs 40a, 40b, ...

【0046】

The credit server 60A, 60B, ... is established at each credit company, and connected to the CAFIS network 50 and the Internet 70.

The credit server 60A, 60B, ... comprises a user database 61A, 61B, ... for storing such information as user profiles and credit contract information, and a credit database 62A, 62B, ... for storing users' credit histories and payment settlement information.

【0047】

The user database 61A, 61B, ... and the credit database 62A, 62B, ... will be described hereinafter.

Fig. 6 (A) shows a data format of the user database 61A, 61B, ..., and Fig. 6(B) shows a data format of the credit database 62A, 62B, ...

As shown in part (A) of the figure, the user database 61A, 61B, ... stores user profiles information such as each user's "name", "age", "address", "phone number", "employment", and "annual income", and credit contract information relating to each credit contract such as "card number", "expiration date", and "credit limit". These user profiles information are reported by users at the time of signing up contracts, and changed anytime when changes are reported from the users. Further, these credit contract information are information granted to each contract by a credit company at the same time as of signing up the contract, and a part of the information is updated every time the expiration date comes.

In addition, as shown in part (B) of the figure, the credit database 62A, 62B, ... stores credit history such as "transaction dates" of credit purchases or cash advances, "merchants", and "amount of transactions", and settlement information such as "payment amount " for each "billing cycle". The credit

history (the transaction dates, merchants, and amount of transactions) are information transmitted from the CAT 40a, 40b, ... and the merchant's server 80C, 80D, ... to the credit server 60A, 60B, ... Then, the credit server 60A, 60B, ... totals "payment amount" for each "billing cycle" based on the information on "dates" and "amounts" of transactions, and stores the totaled amount as settlement information.

【0048】

The main functions of the credit server 60A, 60B, ... are 1)the processing of credit contracts (including admission, renewal, changes, and cancellation), 2) the determination on approval or denial of credit transactions, 3) the accumulation of various information on credit contracts and credit card transactions, 4) the settlement amounts on credit transactions, and 5) the provision of various information for users, each of which will be described below in detail.

【0049】

The credit server 60A, 60B, ... pre-stores an entry screen to be transmitted to the mobile station 100 for signing up a credit contract and a change screen to be transmitted to the mobile station 100 for making changes in contracts; upon receiving a credit contract request , an entry screen corresponding to the request is provided to the mobile station 100 through the Internet 70 and the gateway server 32.

【0050】

Furthermore, the credit server 60A, 60B, ... creates and stores a prospective contract-renewal users file 601A, 601B, ... This prospective contract-renewal users file 601A, 601B, ... stores information on members whose contract renewal is approaching.

【0051】

The prospective contract-renewal users file 601A, 601B, ... will be described hereinafter.

Fig. 6(C) shows a data format for the prospective contract-renewal users file 601A, 601B, ...

As shown in part (C) of this figure, the prospective contract-renewal users file 601A, 601B, ... stores data such as each user's "name", "credit number", "phone number", and "date of expiration". The credit server 60A, 60B, ... refers to the "expiration dates" of credit contracts stored for each user in the user database 61A in a certain cycle (for example, every 24 hours) to extract

users whose contracts are about to expire (for example, within one week) and obtains information on the extracted users from the user database 61A, 61B, ... to be stored in the prospective contract-renewal users file 601A, 601B, ...

【0052】

The credit server 60A, 60B, ... will be described further hereinafter.

The credit server 60A, 60B, ... pre-stores criteria for examining approval or denial of credit contracts, receives from the mobile station 100 the contents entered by the user according to the entry screen for sign-up, and examines whether or not the credit contract can be approved based on the entered contents and examination criteria.

As a result of the examination, if the credit contract is approved, the credit server 60A, 60B, ... generates credit contract information to be stored in the magnetic stripe 160 of the mobile station 100 and gives them to the mobile station 100; it also stores user profiles information relating to the contract and credit contract information in user database 61A, 61B, ...

【0053】

In addition, when a user performs shopping with a credit card, this credit server 60A, 60B, ... decides whether or not the credit card shopping taking place is valid by using credit information given from the CAT 40a, 40b, ... (or from the merchant's server 80C, 80D, ...) and various information stored in the user database 61A, 61B, ... ; and transmits the results thereof to the CAT 40a, 40b, ... (or the merchant's server 80C, 80D, ...) as credit approval or denial information.

Then, the credit server 60A, 60B, ... stores data such as a credit purchase that has taken place in the credit database 62A, 62B, ...

【0054】

Further, the credit server 60A, 60B, ... , via the CAFIS network 50, notifies credit payment information to a financial institution having a credit payment transfer account and performs a transfer of the credit payment.

【0055】

Further, the credit server 60A, 60B, ... obtains information desired by a user from among the information stored in the user database 61A, 61B, ... and the credit database 62A, 62B, ..., and provides the mobile station 100 with them through the Internet 70 and the mobile packet communication network 30.

【0056】

The credit server 60A, 60B, ... stores an encrypted transmission algorithm such as Secure Sockets Layer (SSL), and thereby protecting the

contents of transmission with the gateway server 32 and the merchant's server 80C, 80D, ...

【0057】

The merchant's server 80C, 80D, ... in Fig. 4 is a server which provides so called virtual shops that permit users to shop online.

The merchant's server 80C, 80D, ... stores shopping screen information to be displayed on the mobile station 100 as data in the HTML format. The shopping screen data include information related with products sold to the user (for example, the name of the products, product descriptions, and prices).

The merchant's server 80C, 80D, ... receives a credit card shopping request from a user of the mobile station 100, provides a shopping screen thereto, and handles the processing related to the credit card shopping in cooperation with one of the credit server 60A, 60B, ... which performs a payment settlement for the credit card shopping.

This merchant's server 80C, 80D, ... stores an encrypted transmission algorithm such as SSL (Secure Sockets Layer), thereby protecting the contents of transmission with the gateway server 32 and the credit server 60A, 60B, ...

[2. Operation]

Next, operations of the present embodiment will be described below, classified into the following operational modes.

1. Signing up for a credit contract
2-a. Shopping with credit card over the counter
2-b. Shopping with credit card through the mobile packet communication network 30
3. Renewing a credit contract
4. Making changes in a credit contract
5. Canceling a credit contract
6. Disabling a mobile station 100 and its credit function
7. Inquiring one's own credit history

【0058】

[2-1. Signing Up for Credit Contract]

Fig. 7 and Fig. 8 are flow charts showing an operation when a user signs up for a credit contract with a mobile station 100.

Fig. 9(A) to (J) are diagrams of screen images displayed on the liquid crystal display 132 of the mobile station 100, and part (A) to (J) of the figure are shown chronologically corresponding to the operation indicated in Fig. 7 and Fig.

8.

The operation in signing up for a credit contract will be described hereinafter in reference to Fig. 7, 8, and 9.

【0059】

In step SP101, a user initiates a call to the gateway server 32 at a predetermined phone number and requests the start of a communication in the packet communication mode.

【0060】

In step SP 102, the gateway server 32, upon receiving the packet communication mode starting request, starts communication in the packet communication mode with the user at the other end, and transmits to the mobile station 100 service menu screen data stored within itself.

【0061】

In step SP 103, the mobile station 100 receives the service menu screen information and displays the service menu screen on the liquid crystal display 132. Fig. 9(A) is a diagram of a screen image displayed on the mobile station 100 at this time.

【0062】

In step SP 104, the user selects by a key operation a desired service from the displayed service menu screen. In this case, on the screen indicated in Fig. 9(A), the user moves a cursor on the "credit" to select it. Then, the mobile station 100 transmits to the gateway server 32 the selected service request (in this case, the "credit").

【0063】

In step SP105, the gateway server 32, in response to the received service request, transmits to the mobile station 100 service menu screen data designating more detailed contents of the service.

【0064】

In step SP 106, the mobile station 100 receives the detailed service menu screen information and displays the service menu on the liquid crystal display 132.

Fig. 9(B) is a diagram of a screen image displayed on the mobile station 100 at this time.

【0065】

In step 107, the user selects by a key operation a desired service from the displayed detailed service menu screen. In this case, on the screen

indicated in Fig. 9(B), the user moves a cursor on the "credit contract" to select it. Then, the mobile station 100 transmits to the gateway server 32 the selected detailed service request (in this case, "credit contract").

The above-mentioned service menu screen information are transmitted to the mobile station 100 multiple times until the user finally specifies a desired service.

【0066】

In step SP108, the gateway server 32 receives the detailed service request and transmits, to the mobile station 100, password entry screen information for the user to enter a password.

【0067】

In step SP109, the mobile station 100 receives the password entry screen information, and a password entry screen is displayed on the liquid crystal display 132. The user enters a password pre-registered in the gateway server 32 in the password entering section of the password entry screen.

Fig. 9(C) is a diagram of the password entry screen displayed on the mobile station 100 at this time. The user enters the password in the password entering section and moves a cursor to select "enter".

【0068】

In step SP111, the mobile station 100 transmits the password information entered by the user to the gateway server 32.

【0069】

In step SP113, the gateway server 32 receives the password information.

【0070】

In step SP 115, the gateway server 32 performs user authentication by matching the password received from the mobile station 100 and the password of the mobile station 100 stored in the subscriber information manager 302.

【0071】

In step SP117, based on a result of the user authentication, it is determined whether the user is valid or not.

【0072】

When it is approved as a valid user by the determination in step SP117, the routine advances to step SP119, and the gateway server 32, in response to a final service request from the user (a credit contract request), transmits to the mobile station 100 next screen information to be displayed on the mobile station

100.

【0073】

On the other hand, if it is not approved as a valid user by the determination in step SP117, the routine proceeds to step SP121, and the gateway server 32 transmits to the mobile station 100 a service denial notification indicating that the service request (the credit contract request) from the user cannot be accepted.

【0074】

Then, in step SP123, the mobile station 100 receives the information transmitted from the gateway server 32.

【0075】

Subsequently in Fig. 8, in step SP125, a next screen received by the mobile station 100 is displayed on the liquid crystal display 132. In this case, a list of names of credit companies for which the user can sign up is displayed on the liquid crystal display 132.

Fig. 9(D) is a diagram of the screen displayed on the mobile station 100 at this time.

In the case of receiving the service denial notification, the mobile station 100 displays the notification on its liquid crystal display 132 (not shown), and the procedure ends.

【0076】

In step SP126, the user selects by a key operation a desired credit company from among the displayed credit companies. In other words, the user moves a cursor on a desired credit company on the screen shown in Fig. 9(D) to select the credit company by a predetermined key operation. It is assumed herein that the credit company A has been selected as an example.

【0077】

In step SP127, the mobile station 100 transmits to the gateway server 32 the name of the selected credit company (company A) and the URL of the server 60A thereof.

【0078】

In step SP129, the gateway server 32 receives the name of the credit company (company A) and its URL, and transmits a credit contract request to the credit server 60A based on the received URL.

The gateway server 32 at this time protects by SSL the contents to be transmitted to the credit server 60A. Also in the following description of

operations, the contents of communications are protected by SSL when communications are performed among the gateway server 32, the credit server 60A, 60B, ..., and the merchant's server 80C, 80D, ...

【0079】

In step SP131, the credit server 60A receives the credit contract request from the gateway server 32.

【0080】

In step SP133, the credit server 60A sends entry screen information for prompting the user to enter information (e.g. his/her name, age, date of birth, address, phone number, employment, annual income, password, etc.) that are required for the credit contract with the company A, out to the Internet 70 addressed to the mobile station 100.

【0081】

In step SP135, the gateway server 32 receives the entry screen information from the credit server 60A and sends it to the mobile station 100.

【0082】

In step SP 137, the mobile station 100 receives the entry screen information from the gateway server 32 and displays an entry screen on its liquid crystal display 132.

Fig. 9(E) is a diagram of the screen displayed on the mobile station 100 at this time.

【0083】

In step SP139, the user enters the necessary information while referring to the entry screen displayed on the liquid crystal display 132.

In other words, on the entry screen is shown in Fig. 9(E), the user enters necessary information in each entry section. Items that have to be entered by the user include various items such as his/her phone number and employment in addition to those shown in the figure such as his/her name, date of birth, and address; the user scrolls down the screen, thereby enabling these other items being displayed in sequence on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0084】

In step SP 141, the mobile station 100 transmits the entered contents (hereinafter referred to as input information), to the gateway server 32.

【0085】

In step SP143, the gateway server 32 receives the input information and transmits them to the credit server 60A.

【0086】

Along with them, in step SP145, the gateway server 32 transmits to the mobile station 100 a transmission completion notification showing that the input information have been transmitted to the credit server 60A.

【0087】

Then in step SP147, the mobile station 100 receives the transmission completion notification from the gateway server 32 and display it on the liquid crystal display 132, thereby notifying the user.

Fig. 9(F) is a diagram of the receive completion notification screen displayed on the mobile station 100 at this time.

【0088】

On the other hand, in step SP149, the credit server 60A receives the input information from the gateway server 32.

【0089】

In step SP151, the credit server 60A determines whether to approve or deny the credit contract with regard to the received input information by referring to the examination criteria stored within itself.

【0090】

In step SP153, a result of the examination by the credit server 60A is determined. If the contract is denied as a result of the determination, the routine proceeds to step SP155, and the credit server 60A sends out to the Internet 70 a contract denial notification addressed to the mobile station 100.

【0091】

If the contact is approved as a result of the determination in step SP153, the routine advances to step SP157. The credit server 60A generates new credit contract information and sends out to the Internet 70 a contract approval notification and the generated credit contract information addressed to the mobile station 100.

【0092】

Then, in step SP159, the credit server 60A stores in the user database 61A user profiles and credit contract information with regard to this contract.

【0093】

In step SP161, the gateway server 32 receives the contract denial notification or the contract approval notification and credit contract information from the credit server 60A, and once stores those information inside.

【0094】

In step SP163, the gateway server 32 pages the mobile station 100 and transmits an information receive notification indicating that it has received information addressed to the mobile station 100 from the credit server 60A.

【0095】

In step SP165, the mobile station 100 receives the information receive notification from the gateway server 32 and displays it on the liquid crystal display 132, thereby notifying the user. Part (G) of the figure is a diagram of the screen displayed on the mobile station 100 at this time.

【0096】

Then, in step SP167, by a key operation by the user who has seen the display, the mobile station 100 transmits to the gateway server 32 an information acquiring request to request the acquiring of the information stored therein.

In other words, the user selects "refer to" on the display shown in Fig. 9(G), by which the information acquiring request is transmitted from the mobile station 100 to the gateway server 32.

【0097】

In step SP169, the gateway server 32 receives the information acquiring request from the mobile station 100, and in response thereto, transmits to the mobile station 100 the contract denial notification, or the contract approval notification and the credit contract information.

【0098】

In step SP171, the mobile station 100, receives the contract denial notification, or the contract approval notification and the credit contract information from the gateway server 32.

【0099】

In step SP173, the mobile station 100 displays the received contents on its liquid crystal display 132. The mobile station 100, when it has received the credit contract approval notification and the credit contract information, stores the received credit contract information in the credit ROM 123.

Fig. 9(G) is a diagram of the screen showing the notification of credit contract denial.

Fig. 9(H), on the other hand, is a diagram of the screen showing the notification of credit contract approval. The user selects "next" on this screen, which in turn changes to the next screen (part (I) of the figure).

Fig. 9(I) is a screen for confirming the contents of the credit contract.

As shown in part (J) in the figure, on this screen, such information are

displayed as "credit number" and "expiration date."

The screen information shown in part (I) of the figure are stored in the credit ROM 123, which can be displayed on the liquid crystal display 132 by a specific operation by the user, thereby enabling the user to confirm the contents of the credit contract.

【0100】

As described so far, the mobile station 100 owned by a user and the credit server 60A, 60B, ... owned by a credit company conducts the processing for a credit contract by wireless communication means, thereby enabling the quick execution of the processing; specifically, the application for a credit contract from a user to a credit company; the notification of approval or denial of the credit; and the provision of credit contract information from the credit company to the user.

【0101】

The above-mentioned operation shown in step SP101 to step SP123 in Fig. 7 is the operation mainly from the packet communication request to the user authentication, which is performed in common in the first half sequence of each of the operations in using the credit over the mobile communication network, making changes in registered member information, canceling a credit contract, and inquiring a credit history, as well as the above-mentioned operation of signing up a credit contract.

【0102】

[2-2. Operation in Shopping with Credit Card]

Next, an operation in shopping with credit card using a mobile station 100 will be described.

There are two embodiments in the credit card shopping with the mobile station 100.

They are (1) an embodiment wherein credit contract information on the magnetic stripe 160 are given to the credit server 80 through a CAT 40 at the shop; and (2) the other embodiment wherein credit contract information stored in the credit ROM 123 are given to the credit server 80 through the mobile packet communication network 30, which will be described separately hereinafter.

[2-2-(1). Operation in Over-the-Counter Shopping with Credit Card]

Fig. 10 is a flow chart showing the operation of the mobile station 100 and the credit system in the embodiment of using the magnetic stripe 160 at the shop.

【0103】

First, by a predetermined operation by a user, the processing of the over-the-counter credit card shopping begins at the mobile station 100.

【0104】

In step SP201, the control unit 120 of the mobile station 100 reads out all the credit contract information stored in the credit ROM 123 to display their company names on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0105】

In step SP203, the user selects a desired credit company by a key operation from among the displayed credit companies. It is assumed herein that the credit contract with credit company A has been selected.

On the other hand, if the number of contracted credit companies is just one, the user may enter "OK" on the displayed credit company.

【0106】

In step SP205, the control unit 120 of the mobile station 100 gives the credit contract information of the selected company A to the magnetic writer 150, which in turn writes the given information onto the magnetic stripe 160.

【0107】

After the credit contract information are written on the magnetic stripe 160, the magnetic card 11 becomes a protrudable state, and the control unit 120 displays the fact of becoming protrudable on the liquid crystal display 132. Then in step SP207, the user, having confirmed the protrudable state, pushes the card-retracting/protruding key of the mobile station 100, thereby protruding the magnetic stripe 160 portion of the magnetic card 161 out of the mobile station 100.

【0108】

In step SP209, the magnetic stripe 160 portion of the magnetic card 161 is slid through a magnetic reader of a CAT (assumed herein as a CAT 40b), which in turn the credit contract information on the magnetic stripe 160 is read into the CAT 40b.

【0109】

In step SP211, a salesperson enters sales amount and such for the credit card shopping into an input interface (not shown) of the CAT 40b.

【0110】

In step SP213, the CAT 40b, through the CAFIS network 50, transmits to the company A's server 60A the credit contract information as well as the

entered contents into the CAT 40b (these information will be referred to as credit information hereinafter).

【0111】

In step SP215, the credit server 60A receives the credit information from the CAT 40b.

【0112】

In step SP217, the credit server 60A searches in the user database 61A based on the received credit information, and determines whether or not the requested shopping with the credit card is valid.

This determination is to see if the credit card is not expired, if the credit limit is not over, if the magnetic stripe on the backside is not disabled, or if the credit contract itself has no effect.

【0113】

When it is determined as invalid as a result of the determination in step SP217, the routine advances to step SP219, and the credit server 60A transmits to the CAT 40b through the CAFIS network 50 a credit denial notification that the requested credit transaction has been denied (and a reason for the credit denial, if necessary).

【0114】

On the other hand, when it is determined as valid as a result of the determination in step SP217, the processing by the company A's server 60A advances to step SP221, transmits to the CAT 40b a credit approval notification that the requested credit transaction has been approved; further in step SP223, stores the credit record and payment information with regard to this credit card shopping transaction within the credit database 62A.

【0115】

In step SP225, the CAT 40b receives the above notification from the credit server 60A.

【0116】

Then in step SP227, the CAT 40b outputs the received notification onto a credit sales slip or a CAT display device (not shown). The salesperson performs a predetermined procedure following the displayed contents.

After that, the user writes a signature identical to that on the backside of the magnetic card 161 in the signature section of the credit sales slip with the sales amount written, thereby ending the credit card shopping transaction.

【0117】

On the other hand, at the time of completing the reading of the credit contract information on the magnetic stripe 160, the user pushes the card retracting/protruding key of the mobile station 100, and in step SP229, the magnetic card 161 is retracted inside the slot 101 of the mobile station 100.

【0118】

After the magnetic card is retracted, in step SP231, the control unit 120 of the mobile station 100 orders the magnetic writer 150 to delete the credit contract information of the company A stored on the magnetic stripe 160, and the magnetic writer 150 executes that.

【0119】

[2-2-(2). Operation in Credit card shopping with the Mobile Packet Communication Network]

Next, an operation of a credit card shopping using the mobile packet communication network 30 will be described hereinafter.

Fig. 7 and Fig. 11 cooperate to form a flow chart showing the operation for shopping with a credit card using the mobile station 100.

The operation shown in Fig. 7 is almost same as the sign-up for a credit contract, but in step SP107 of the figure, a user should select "credit card shopping" as a desired service. Description for the rest of operation in Fig. 7 shall be omitted.

【0120】

In step SP301 of Fig. 8, all the merchants where the shopping with credit cards can be made by a user are displayed on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0121】

In step SP303, a user selects by a key operation a desired merchant from among the displayed merchants. It is assumed herein that the merchant C has been selected.

【0122】

In step SP305, the mobile station 100 transmits the selected merchant's name (store C) and the URL of the merchant's server 80C to the gateway server 32.

【0123】

In step SP 307, the gateway server 32 receives the merchant's name (store C) and the URL, and based on the received URL, transmits a credit card shopping request to the merchant's server 80C.

【0124】

In step SP309, the merchant's server 80C receives the credit card shopping request from the gateway server 32.

【0125】

In step SP311, the merchant's server 80C, in response to the received credit card shopping request, transmits shopping screen information stored in itself out to the Internet 70 addressed to the mobile station 100.

【0126】

In step SP313, the gateway server 32 receives the shopping screen information from the merchant's server 80C and transmits to the mobile station 100.

【0127】

In step SP315, the mobile station 100 receives the shopping screen data from the gateway server 32, and a shopping screen is displayed on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0128】

In step SP317, the user selects a product to purchase referring to the shopping screen displayed on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0129】

When the selecting of a product is completed, the mobile station 100 reads out all the credit contract information stored in the credit ROM 123, and the names of credit companies thereof are displayed on the liquid crystal display 132. Then in step SP319, from among the displayed credit companies, the user selects a credit company to be used in this credit card shopping. It is assumed herein that the credit company B has been selected.

【0130】

In step SP321, the mobile station 100 transmits information on the selected product and its price, credit contract information with the company B, the URL of the merchant's server 80C, and the URL of the credit server 60B to the gateway server 32.

【0131】

In step SP323, the gateway server 32 receives these information from the mobile station 100 and, after seeing its contents, transmits the information to the merchant's server 80C.

【0132】

In step SP325, the merchant's server 80C receives the input information from the gateway server 32. Then, the merchant's server 80C, among the

received information, transmits the credit contract information and sales amount information to the credit server 60B as credit information.

【0133】

In step SP327, the credit server 60B receives these credit information from the merchant's server 80C.

【0134】

In step SP329, the credit server 60B retrieves the received credit information in the user database 61B and determines whether the requested credit card shopping is valid or not.

This determination is to check items such as if the credit contract is not expired; if the credit limit is not exceeded; if the magnetic card is not disabled; or if the credit contract itself has no effect.

【0135】

As a result of the determination in step SP329, when it is determined as invalid, the routine advances to step SP331, and the credit server 60B transmits a credit denial notification indicating the denial of the requested credit card shopping to the merchant's server 80C.

【0136】

On the other hand, as a result of the determination in step SP329, when it is determined as valid, the routine advances to step SP333, and the credit server 60B transmits a credit approval notification to the merchant's server 80C, and further stores the credit history and payment information in the credit database 62B in step SP335.

【0137】

In step SP337, the merchant's server 80C receives the notification from the credit server 60B.

【0138】

Then in step SP339, the merchant's server 80C transmits the received notification to the gateway server 32 addressed to the mobile station 100. If the notification is a credit approval notification, the merchant's server 80C stores the product selected by the user as credit sales information and performs a predetermined processing such as sending the product to the user.

【0139】

In step SP341, the gateway server 32 receives the notification from the merchant's server 80C and transmits to the mobile station 100.

【0140】

In step SP343, the mobile station 100 receives the notification from the gateway server 32 and displays the received contents on the liquid crystal display 132, thereby notifying the user.

【0141】

[2-3. Operation in Renewing the Credit contract]

Next, an operation in renewing a credit contract will be described.

Fig. 12 is a flow chart showing the operational flow in renewing a credit contract.

【0142】

In step SP401, the credit server (herein assumed as 60A) creates a prospective contract-renewal users file 601 referring to the member database 60A.

【0143】

In step SP403, the credit server 60A transmits, referring to the prospective contract-renewal users file 601, a contract renewal advance notification to notify the renewal of the credit contract in advance, out to the Internet 70, addressed to a mobile station (herein assumed as the mobile station 100) of the user with prospective contract renewal.

【0144】

In step SP405, the gateway server 32, upon receiving the contract renewal advance notification, pages the mobile station 100 to redirect the above notification.

【0145】

In step SP407, the mobile station 100 receives the contract renewal advance notification from the gateway server 32 and displays the received notification on its liquid crystal display 132.

【0146】

In step SP409, the mobile station 100, by a key operation by the user, transmits response information in response to the displayed contract renewal advance notification. The response information designates either "will renew" or "will not renew" with regard to the contract renewal.

【0147】

In step SP411, the gateway server 32 receives the response information from the mobile station 100 and transmits to the credit server 60A.

【0148】

In step SP413, the credit server 60A receives the response information

from the gateway server 32.

【0149】

In step SP415, the credit server 60A, based on the received response information, determines whether or not the credit contract with the user of the mobile station 100 can be renewed.

【0150】

As a result of the determination in step SP415, if the contract is renewable, the routine advances to step SP417, and the credit server 60A generates renewed credit contract information, the new credit contract information being sent out to the Internet 70 addressed to the mobile station 100 as well as being stored in the member database 60A.

【0151】

As a result of the determination of step SP415, if the contract is not renewable, the routine advances to step SP421, and the credit server 60A deletes information on the user whose contract cannot be extended, the information being stored in the user database 61A. Then in step SP423, the credit server 60A sends a contract non-renewal notification designating that the contract cannot be renewed, out to the Internet 70, addressed to the mobile station 100.

【0152】

Then in step SP425, the gateway server 32 receives from the credit server 60A the renewed credit contract information or the contract non-renewal notification and stores them for the time being.

【0153】

Then in step SP427, the gateway server 32 pages the mobile station 100 and transmits a notification designating that information addressed to the mobile station 100 from the credit server 60A have been received.

【0154】

In step SP429, the mobile station 100 receives the information receive notification from the gateway server 32 and displays them on its liquid crystal display 132, thereby notifying the user.

【0155】

In step SP431, by a key operation by the user who has seen the display, the mobile station 100 transmits to the gateway server 32 an information obtaining request that requests to obtain the information stored therein.

【0156】

In step SP433, the gateway server 32 receives the information obtaining request from the mobile station 100, in response to which, the gateway server 32 transmits the renewed credit contract information or the contract non-renewal notification stored therein to the mobile station 100.

【0157】

In step SP435, the mobile station 100 receives the renewed credit contract information or the contract non-renewal notification data from the gateway server 32.

【0158】

In step SP437, the mobile station 100 displays the received contents on its liquid crystal display 132.

Then, the mobile station 100, when it has received the renewed credit contract information, updates information such as an expiration date.

Alternatively, when it has received the effect of no renewal of the contract, the credit contract information stored in the credit ROM 123 is deleted after the expiration of a term of validity.

【0159】

It is conceivable that there is a case where the user does not respond to the credit contract advance notification given to the mobile station 100 even after the expiration date. In such a case, it is regarded that the user has responded "YES" to the contract renewal; the credit company server 60A transmits credit contract information renewed at the time of the expiration to the mobile station 100 via the gateway server, and the mobile station 100 updates information such as an expiration date.

【0160】

[2-4. Operation in Making Changes in Credit Contract]

Also in the case of changing member's name and address, it is possible to make these changes using a mobile station 100. An operation in making changes in a credit contract will be described hereinafter.

Fig. 7 and Fig. 13 cooperate to form a flow chart showing the operation, using the mobile station 100, in making a credit contract.

The operation shown in Fig. 7 is almost same as the sign-up of a credit contract, but in step SP107 of the figure, a user should select "change in credit contract" as a desired service. Description for the rest of the operation will be omitted.

【0161】

In step SP501 of Fig. 13, all the credit companies with which the user is under contract are displayed on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0162】

In step SP503, the user selects by a key operation a desired credit company from among the displayed credit companies. Here, it is also possible to select all the credit companies. It is assumed here that the credit company A has been selected.

【0163】

In step SP505, the mobile station 100 transmits the name of the selected credit company to the gateway server 32.

【0164】

In step SP509, the gateway server 32 receives the name of the credit company from the mobile station 100 and transmits a credit contract change request toward the credit server 60A.

【0165】

In step SP511, the credit server 60A receives the request for making changes in the registered member information.

【0166】

In step SP513, the credit server 60A sends change screen information of the credit contract of the company A out to the Internet 70 addressed to the mobile station 100.

【0167】

In step SP515, the gateway server 32 receives the change screen information from the credit server 60A and transmits the received screen information addressed to the mobile station 100.

【0168】

In step SP517, the mobile station 100 receives the change screen information from the gateway server 32 and displays a change screen on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0169】

In step SP519, the user enters items to change referring to the change screen displayed on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0170】

In step SP521, the mobile station 100 transmits the entered change items (hereinafter referred to as "changed items") to the gateway server 32.

【0171】

In step SP523, the gateway server 32 receives the changed items and transmit them to the credit server 60A.

【0172】

In step SP525, the credit server 60A receives the changed items.

【0173】

In step SP527, the credit server 60A changes user profiles and attributes associated with the credit contract stored in itself, based on the received changed items.

【0174】

Once the changing processing is complete, the credit server 60A advances to step SP529 and sends a completion notification to designate the completion of change-in-contract processing out to the Internet 70 addressed to the mobile station 100.

【0175】

In step SP531, the gateway server 32 receives via the Internet 70 the completion notification and transmit it to the mobile station 100.

【0176】

In step SP533, the mobile station 100 receives the completion notification from the gateway server 32.

【0177】

In step SP535, the mobile station 100 displays the received completion notification on its liquid crystal display 132.

[2-5. Operation in Canceling Credit Contract]

It is possible to use this system also in the processing for canceling a credit contract. An operation in a credit contract using a mobile station 100 will be described hereinafter.

Fig. 7 and Fig. 14 cooperate to form a flow chart showing the operation of making a contract using the mobile station 100.

The operation shown in Fig. 7 is almost same as the sign-up for a credit contract, but in step SP107 of the figure, a user should select "cancel a credit contract" as a desired service. Description for the rest of the operation shall be omitted.

【0178】

In step SP601 in Fig. 14, all the credit companies with which the user is under contract are displayed on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0179】

In step SP603, the user selects, from among the displayed credit companies, a desired credit company by a key operation. It is assumed here that the credit company A has been selected.

[0180]

In step SP605, the mobile station 100 transmits the name of the selected credit company to the gateway server 32.

[0181]

In step SP607, the gateway server 32 receives the name of credit company from the mobile station 100 and transmits to the credit server 60A a request for canceling the credit contract.

[0182]

In step SP609, the credit server 60A receives the credit contract canceling request from the gateway server 32.

[0183]

In step SP611, the credit server 60A, based on the received credit contract canceling request, performs the canceling processing of the credit contract such as deleting the user profile information and credit contract attributes information stored in the user database 61A.

[0184]

In step SP613, the credit server 60A sends out to the Internet 70 a completion notification that tells that the contract cancellation processing has been completed, addressed to the mobile station 100.

[0185]

In step SP615, the gateway server 32 receives the notification of completion through the Internet 70, and sends it to the mobile station 100.

[0186]

In step SP617, the mobile station 100 receives the notification of completion from the gateway server 32.

[0187]

In step SP619, the mobile station 100 displays the received notification of completion on its liquid crystal display 132.

[0188]

[2-6. Operation in Disabling the Communication and Credit Card Function of Mobile Station 100]

Such a case can be conceived where a user has lost a mobile station 100 or had it stolen. In such a case, it is necessary to disable the credit

function in order to prevent a third person from illegal use of the mobile station 100.

An operation in disabling the mobile station 100 and its credit function will be described hereinafter.

Fig. 15 is a flow chart showing the flow of the process of disabling the mobile station 100 and its credit card function.

【0189】

A user, in the case of losing the mobile station 100, makes a contact with a common carrier who manages the mobile telephone network 20 and the mobile packet communication network 30 by a predetermined method, and requests to disable the calling and credit card function of the mobile station 100.

In step SP701, the communication carrier who has received the above report, by using a specified administrative terminal, makes an access to the subscriber database 331 of the control unit 33, and registers a flag that designates the disablement of communication service for the user and his credit use.

After this operation, the communication service by the mobile station 100 of the subject user and its credit function become disabled. In the concrete, the operation will be described hereinafter.

【0190】

First in step SP703, a third person who has illegally gained the mobile station 100 turns on the mobile station 100.

【0191】

In step SP705, the mobile station 100 uses a particular channel and transmits dispatch information including a notification that tells that the power is on and the identification number of the mobile station 100. The base station that includes the mobile station 100 in its control area (herein assumed as the base station 32) receives the dispatch information and sends the information to the control unit 33.

【0192】

In step SP707, the control unit 33 receives the dispatch information from the base station 32.

【0193】

Then in step SP709, the control unit 33 makes an access to the subscriber database 331 and determines presence or absence of the disabling information of the calling and credit card functions of the mobile station 100

which has dispatched the dispatch information.

【0194】

In step SP711, the control unit 33, which has determined that the disabling information is present, transmits through the base station 32 to the mobile station 100 the effect that the calling and credit card functions of the mobile station 100 are to be disabled.

【0195】

In step SP713, the mobile station 100 receives an instruction of disabling the calling and credit card functions through the base station 31.

【0196】

In step SP715, the mobile station 100 performs the process for disabling the calling and credit functions.

In the process for disabling the calling function, the operation of each section which operates for the calling process of the mobile station 100 will be stopped. In the process for disabling the credit function, credit contract information stored in the credit ROM 123 will be deleted.

【0197】

[2-7. Operation in Inquiring Credit History]

Using a mobile station 100, a user can make an access to the credit server 60A, 60B, ... to inquire various types of information such as credit history and the amount of next payment charged to the user's bank account.

An operation in inquiring a credit history will be described hereinafter.

Fig. 7 and Fig. 16 cooperate to form a flow chart showing the operation when a user inquires a credit history by using the mobile station 100.

The operation shown in Fig. 7 is almost same as the sign-up for a credit contract, but in step SP107 of the figure, a user should select "credit history" as a desired service. Description for the rest of the operation shall be omitted.

【0198】

In step SP801 of Fig. 13, all the credit companies with which the user is under contract are shown on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0199】

In step SP803, the user selects by a key operation a desired credit company from among the displayed credit companies. It is assumed here that the credit company A has been selected.

【0200】

In step SP805, the mobile station 100 transmits the name of the selected

credit company (company A) to the gateway server 32.

【0201】

In step SP807, the gateway server 32 receives the name of the selected credit card (company A) from the mobile station 100 and transmits a request for inquiring the credit history to the credit server 60A.

【0202】

In step SP809, the credit server 60A receives the request for inquiring the credit history.

【0203】

In step SP811, the credit server 60A retrieves credit history information stored in the credit database 62A.

【0204】

In step SP813, the credit server 60A transmits the credit history information obtained as a result of the retrieval out to the Internet 70 addressed to the mobile station 100.

【0205】

In step SP815, the gateway server 32 receives the credit history information via the Internet 70 and transmits the information to the mobile station 100.

【0206】

In step SP817, the mobile station 100 receives the credit history information from the gateway server 32.

【0207】

In step SP819, the mobile station 100 displays the received credit history on its liquid crystal display 132.

【0208】

[B. Modifications]

[B-1. Modifications in Signing Up for Credit Contract]

In the above-mentioned description, all steps of the operation in signing up for a credit contract are performed in one calling session, but it is not necessarily in this way.

In other words, the operation of requesting a credit contract from the mobile station 100 to the credit server 60 (i.e. from step SP101 in Fig. 7 to step SP149 in Fig. 8) and the operation of responding from the credit server 60 to the mobile station 100 (i.e. from step SP151 to step SP173 in Fig. 8) can be separated.

To illustrate, cases can be envisioned such that it takes a considerable amount of time in the examination process of credit contracts and that partial or whole examination process are performed by other information processing devices or a human agent, in which cases, it is possible to once end the communication between the mobile station 100 and the credit companies' server 60, so that the credit companies' server 60 may notify the result of the examination to the mobile station 100 at a later date.

【0209】

Further, the processing at the credit companies' server 60A, 60B, ... in making a credit contract may only be the processing associated with the operation of requesting a credit contract.

For example, the procedure may end in the step SP149 of Fig. 7, which is followed, in the case of the request for contract being denied, by a notification to that effect over a telephone to the user. Alternatively, in the case of the request being approved, a user is notified to that effect over a telephone, so that he/she goes to the shop of the credit company to get one's credit contract information written in the mobile station 100 through an exclusive ROM reader/writer provided therein.

【0210】

[B-2. Modifications in Changing Registered Member profiles]

Various changes for registered member profiles can be conceived such as credit limit and card class (i.e. the change from a normal-class credit card to a gold-class card) in addition to the above-mentioned changes in name and address. In such cases, in addition to the above-mentioned group of steps of the operation, it will be necessary to take a step of examination by a credit company and another step of notification to the mobile station 100 from the credit server 60 of an approved (or a refused) change.

【0211】

[B-3. Modifications in Disabling the Mobile Station 100 and Its Credit Card Function]

Various timings can be conceived for the mobile station 100 to transmit the dispatch information, not being limited only to the time when power is turned on.

For example, it can be envisioned such as the time when the mobile station 100 requests a calling service or a packet communication service to the mobile communication network; and the time when the process for the credit use

of the mobile station 100 is started at the shop. In other words, it may be set so that the mobile station 100 transmits the dispatch information, triggered by some kind of operation by a person who has the mobile station 100.

Alternatively, the mobile station 100 may transmit the dispatch information at all times or regularly while the power is on.

【0212】

Further, when the disabling information is registered at the control unit 33, the control unit 33 may page the mobile station 100 relating to the disablement to provide the mobile station 100 with the disabling information. Upon receiving the disabling information, the mobile station 100 transmits a receive confirmation signal, and the control unit 33 receives the receive confirmation signal, thereby confirming that the mobile station 100 has received the disabling information.

Further, the control unit 33, through many base stations 32, may transmit the disabling information to each base station's control area at all times or regularly. Then, the mobile station 100 that has received the transmitted disabling information may conduct the disabling of its own credit function.

【0213】

It is also possible for the control unit 33 to possess the disabling information only for the calling function of the mobile station 100, to be given to the mobile station 100. Then, the mobile station 100 that has received the disablement-of-calling information may determine its credit function is also to be disabled, performing the disabling operation of not only its calling but also of credit function.

【0214】

[B-4. Modifications in the Configurations of the Gateway Server 32, Credit Sever 60, and Merchant's server 80]

In the above-mentioned description, the credit server 60A, 60B, ... and the merchant's server 80 may be connected to, aside from the Internet 70, the gateway server 32 through a private line, or may be provided inside the mobile communication network.

【0215】

[B-5. Modifications in the Roles of the Gateway Server 32, Credit Sever 60, and Merchant's server 80]

The functions of the gateway server 32, the credit server 60 and the merchant's server 80, are not limited to the above-mentioned embodiments, but

various embodiments can be conceived. For example, a part of functions of the merchant's server 80 and the credit server 60 can be carried out by the gateway server 32.

【0216】

While in the above-mentioned embodiment, the credit server 60A, 60B, ... stores entry screen information and change screen information used for making a credit contract or changes, the gateway server 32 instead can store those screen information. As a result, when a request for contract or changes in contract is transmitted from the mobile station 100 to the gateway server 32, the gateway server 32 does not need to access the credit server 60A, 60B, ... to provide entry screen information with the mobile station 100.

【0217】

Further, the gateway server 32, instead of the credit server 60A, 60B, ... , may conduct an examination for determining approval or denial of credit contracts. In order to do this, the gateway server 32 stores criteria for determining contract approval or denial that are provided in advance from each of the credit servers 60A, 60B, ... , so as to conduct examinations based on these criteria.

【0218】

Further, the gateway server 32 may store the prospective contract-renewal users file 601. In this case, the gateway server 32 is provided prospective contract-renewal users files 601 from the credit servers 60A, 60B, ... , and based on the given prospective contract-renewal users file 601, further process with the mobile station 100 is carried out.

【0219】

Also, in the above-mentioned embodiments, the gateway server 32 once stores information from the credit server 60A, 60B, ... (i.e. credit contract information and other notifications), and transmits information receive notifications to the mobile station 100. Then, in the case of receiving a request for obtaining credit contract information from the mobile station 100, the gateway server 32 gives the credit contract information to the mobile station 100.

However, it is not limited thereto. For example, when the gateway server 32 receives some kind of information addressed to the mobile station 100 from the credit server 60A, 60B, ..., it is possible to give the information to the mobile station 100 without giving any prior notification to the mobile station 100, (or together with some kind of notification). In this case, when the mobile

station 100 receives the information from the gateway server 32, it transmits a receive confirmation signal, so that the gateway server 32 confirms that the mobile station 100 has received the information by receiving the reception confirmation signal.

【0220】

Further, in the above-mentioned embodiment for the credit card shopping through the mobile packet communication network 30, all the input information transmitted from the mobile station 100 are received by the merchant's server 80 through the gateway server 32, and the merchant's server 80 transmits credit contract information and amount-of-transaction information among the input information to the credit server 60, but it is not limited thereto.

For example, the gateway server 32 may classify contents of the input information into a group of information addressed to the merchant server 80 and the other group of information addressed to the credit server 60, and transmit them separately. That is, the gateway server 32 transmits the product information among the input information to the merchant's server 80; and transmits the credit contract information and amount-of-transaction information to the credit server 60. Then, credit-approval or denial information from the credit server 60 may be transmitted to the mobile station 100 through the merchant's server 80, or from the credit server 60 directly to the mobile station 100 and the merchant's server 80.

Further, the gateway server 32 may store shopping screens and, upon receiving a request from the mobile station 100, provide the stored shopping screen with the mobile station 100.

【0221】

[B-6. Types of Contracts]

In the above embodiments, the contract has been described in terms of credit contracts, but it is not limited thereto. Various types of contracts may be envisioned such as opening bank accounts or making loan contracts with financial institutions, making insurance contracts with insurance companies, or acquiring membership with various organizations.

【0222】

[B-7. Modifications in the Mobile Station 100 and the CAT 40]

[B-7-1. First Modification]

A mobile station 100 may provide credit contract information with the CAT 40a, 40b, ... by using bar codes.

Fig. 17 is a block diagram showing a configuration of a mobile station 100 that displays bar codes indicating credit contract information on the liquid crystal display 132.

This mobile station 100 comprises a transmitter-receiver 110, a control unit 120, a user interface 130 that has a liquid crystal display 132, and a data input/output terminal 140.

Control programs stored in the program ROM 122 include a program for generating bar code data designating credit contract information.

When there is a need to display credit contract information, the CPU 121 reads out credit contract information from the credit ROM 123, generates bar code data designating the credit contract information in accordance with the bar code generating program and displays the generated bar code on the liquid crystal display 132.

【0223】

On the other hand, the CAT 40a, 40b, ... is equipped with a bar-code reader and capable of reading the bar code displayed on the liquid crystal display 132 of the mobile station 100.

Fig. 18 is a block diagram showing a configuration of a CAT 40 equipped with the bar-code reader.

The CAT 40 comprises, a user interface 41, a transmitter-receiver 42, an output interface 43, a controller 44, and a bar-code reader 45.

The controller 44 controls each section of the CAT 40. The user interface 41 is for a salesperson to enter sales amount. The bar-code reader 45 reads the bar code displayed on the liquid crystal display 132 of the mobile station 100. The transmitter-receiver 42 exchanges various information with the CAFIS network 50. The output interface 43 is a printing device of a credit sales slip.

Other configurations and operations are same as the first embodiment.

What to be displayed on the liquid crystal display 132 is not limited to bar codes but may be anything that can be optically read; for example, calra code or veri code.

【0224】

[B-7-2. Second Modification]

A mobile station 100 may provide credit contract information with the CAT 40a, 40b, ... by using infrared rays.

Fig. 19 is a block diagram showing a configuration of the mobile station

100 that provides credit contract information with the CAT 40a, 40b, ... by infrared rays.

This mobile station 100 comprises a transmitter-receiver 110, a control unit 120, a user interface 130, a data input/output terminal 140, a modulator 170, and an infrared emitter 180.

When there is a need to provide credit contract information to the CAT 40a, 40b, ... , the CPU 121 reads out credit contract information from the credit ROM 123 and gives them to the modulator 170.

The modulator 170 modulates infrared ray carrier by signal waves corresponding to the given credit contract information and give the modulated infrared rays to the infrared emitter 180.

The infrared emitter 180 emits the given infrared rays.

【0225】

On the other hand, the CAT 40a, 40b, ... is equipped with an infrared receiver as well as a demodulator, by which the infrared rays emitted from the infrared emitter 180 of the mobile station 100 are received and demodulated so as to acquire the credit contract information.

Fig. 20 is a block diagram showing a configuration of a CAT 40 that is equipped with the infrared receiver and the demodulator.

The CAT 40 comprises a user interface 41, a transmitter-receiver 42, an output interface 43, a controller 44, the infrared receiver 46, and the demodulator 47.

Other configurations and operations here are same as the first embodiment.

【0226】

[B-7-3. Third Modification]

Further, a mobile station 100 may provide credit contract information with the CAT 40a, 40b, ... through an existing data output terminal.

Fig. 21 is a block diagram showing a configuration of the mobile station 100 where credit contract information are given to the CAT 40a, 40b, ... through the existing data output terminal.

This mobile station 100 comprises a transmitter-receiver 110, a control unit 120, a user interface 130, and a data input/output terminal 140.

When there is a need to give credit contract information to the CAT 40a, 40b, ... , the CPU 121 reads out credit contract information from the credit ROM 123 and gives them to the data input/output terminal 140. Subsequently, the

data input/output terminal 140 provides the given credit card information to a data input/output terminal that is equipped with the CAT 40a, 40b, ...

【0227】

Fig. 22 is a block diagram showing a configuration of a CAT 40 that is equipped with the data input/output terminal.

The CAT 40 comprises a user interface 41, a transmitter-receiver 42, an output interface 43, a controller 44, and the data input/output terminal 48.

Other configurations and operations here are same as the first embodiment.

【0228】

[B-7-4. Other Variations in Mobile Station 100 and CAT 40]

In the above-mentioned description concerning the mobile station 100 equipped with a magnetic stripe, the mobile station 100 has only one magnetic stripe 160 to which the magnetic writer 150 writes in credit contract information every time credit transactions are performed. However, it is not limited thereto.

For example, it is possible to provide a plurality of magnetic stripes 160 on the magnetic card 161 so that one magnetic stripe corresponds to one credit contract information item. That is, it means to provide as many magnetic stripes 160 as the number of credit contracts.

In this case, the CAT 40a, 40b, . . . reads out a magnetic stripe 160 in which card information of the designated credit company is stored from among a plurality of magnetic stripes 160.

【0229】

Also, in cases where users carry out credit card shopping only through the mobile packet communication network as mentioned above, the mobile station 100 does not need to have a magnetic stripe 160. This is because it is possible to receive and transmit data to/from the credit server 60A, 60B, ... only with a wireless communication function in the case of the credit card shopping using the mobile packet communication network.

【0230】

Further, in the above-mentioned description, mobile stations such as cellular phones and PHS possess the card information of credit cards. However, the carrier side is not limited to a mobile station 100 but may be any mobile communication terminal without a calling function (for example, PDA).

【0231】

Further, in the above-mentioned description, the CAT 40A, 40B,... may

give its own information to the mobile station 100.

For example, in the case of credit card shopping, information such as the date of sales, merchant, sales amount that are stored in the CAT 40A, 40B,... may be given to a mobile station 100. By doing this, the mobile station 100 can, without making an access the credit server 60A, 60B, ... , accumulate its credit history based on which one is able to total the amount of credit purchases to be drawn from one's bank account.

To do this, in each of the above-mentioned embodiments, the CAT 40a, 40b, ... may be equipped with a data input/output terminal capable of giving the above information by being connected to the data input/output terminal of the mobile station 100.

【0232】

[B-8. Variations in User Authentication]

While the above-mentioned embodiments are such that the gateway server 32 performs user authentication by matching the password pre-stored in the gateway server 32 and the password entered to the mobile station 100 by its user upon a request for starting a packet communication, it is not limited thereto.

For example, the mobile station 100 may store a password for user authentication in advance. By doing this, the mobile station 100 can perform user authentication without carrying out communication with the gateway server 32.

【0233】

Further, in addition to the password (a first password) stored in the gateway server 32, another password (a second password) may be stored in the credit server 60. In this case, upon starting a packet communication, the first password is matched between the mobile station 100 and the gateway server 32, the second password further being matched between the mobile station 100 and the credit server 60 at the time of shopping with credit card or inquiring for one's credit history. Thus, it is expected to enhance the protection of privacy and security in using credit.

【Effects of the Invention】

As mentioned above, the present invention enables the performing of a quick processing of contract entry without putting too much burden on users in entering contracts for various types of electronic-commerce services.

【Brief Description of the Drawings】

【Fig. 1】 a block diagram showing a configuration of a mobile station 100

used for a first embodiment of the present invention.

【Fig. 2】 (A) is a perspective view of the mobile station 100 with a magnetic card 161 retracted, and (B) is a perspective view of the mobile station 100 with the magnetic stripe 160 portion of the magnetic card 161 protruded.

【Fig. 3】 a block diagram showing a configuration of a credit system using the mobile station 100.

【Fig. 4】 a block diagram showing a functional configuration of a gateway server 32.

【Fig. 5】 (A) is a diagram showing a configuration of a subscriber database 331, and (B) is a data format diagram of a registered subscriber information file 304.

【Fig. 6】 (A) is a diagram showing a configuration of a user database 61, (B) is a diagram showing a configuration of a credit database 62, and (C) is a diagram showing a configuration of a prospective contract-renewal users file 601.

【Fig. 7】a flow chart of the first half sequence of operations for signing up credit contracts, shopping with a credit card via a mobile packet communication network, making changes in contracts, canceling credit contracts, and inquiring for credit histories.

【Fig. 8】 a flow chart showing an operation of the mobile station 100 and the credit system in signing up credit contracts.

【Fig. 9】 diagrams showing screen images displayed on a liquid crystal display 132 of the mobile station 100 in signing up a credit contract.

【Fig. 10】 a flow chart showing an operation of the mobile station 100 and the credit system in credit card shopping in the shop.

【Fig. 11】 a flow chart showing an operation of the mobile station 100 and the credit system in credit card shopping via the mobile packet communication network.

【Fig. 12】 a flow chart showing an operation of the mobile station 100 and the credit system in renewing credit contracts.

【Fig. 13】 a flow chart showing an operation of the mobile station 100 and credit system in making changes in contracts.

【Fig. 14】 a flow chart showing an operation of the mobile station 100 and the credit system in canceling credit contracts.

【Fig. 15】 a flow chart showing a flow of an operation in disabling calling and credit functions of the mobile station 100.

【Fig. 16】 a flow chart showing a flow of an operation in inquiring for credit histories.

【Fig. 17】 a block diagram showing a configuration of a mobile station 100 that displays bar codes indicating credit contract information on its liquid crystal display 132.

【Fig. 18】 a block diagram showing a configuration of CAT 40 equipped with a bar-code reader.

【Fig. 19】 a block diagram showing a configuration of a mobile station 100 that transmits credit contract information to the CAT 40a, 40b,... by an infrared communication.

【Fig. 20】 a block diagram showing a configuration of a CAT 40 equipped with an infrared receiver and a demodulator.

【Fig. 21】 a block diagram showing a configuration of a mobile station 100 that transmits credit contract information to the CAT 40a, 40b,... by an existing data input/output terminal.

【Fig. 22】 a block diagram showing a configuration of a CAT 40 equipped with an input/output terminal.

【Explanation of Reference Numerals and Signs in the Drawings】

20 mobile telephone network
30 mobile packet communication network
31 base station
32 gateway server
33 control station
40 CAT
50 CAFIS network
60 credit server
61 user database
62 credit database
70 Internet
80 merchant's server
100 mobile station
101 slot
110 transmitter-receiver
120 control unit
121 CPU
122 program ROM

123 credit ROM
124 RAM
130 user interface
131 card retracting/protruding key
132 liquid crystal display
140 data input/output terminal
150 magnetic writer
160 magnetic stripe
170 modulator
180 infrared emitter
301 control unit
302 subscriber information manager
303 data delivery manager
304 registered subscriber information file
331 subscriber database
601 prospective contract-renewal users file

【Title of Document】 Abstract

【Abstract】

【Object】To enable the mediating of a quick processing of contract entry without putting too much burden on users in entering contracts for various types of electronic-commerce services.

【Means for Solving the Problems】 A credit system comprises a mobile station 100, a mobile telephone network 20, a mobile packet communication network 30, a CAT 40a, 40b, ... , a CAFIS network 50, a credit server 60A, 60B, ... , and the Internet 70. A request from the mobile station 100 for a credit contract is transmitted to any one of the credit servers 60A, 60B, ... through a gateway server 32; in a case where the contract is approved, credit contract information is transmitted from any one of the credit servers 60A, 60B, ... to the mobile station 100 through the gateway server 32, the credit contract information being stored in the mobile station 100.

【Elected View】 Fig. 3